

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method for providing a multi-layer disc drive housing structure which encloses and supports an excitation source, the housing structure comprising a plurality of rigid damping layers interposed with a plurality of visco-elastic damping layers in a laminate stack, the method comprising steps of:
 - (a) determining a resonant frequency of a housing layer of a housing member, the housing layer adapted to support a plurality of rigid damping layers interposed with a plurality of visco-elastic damping layers of a disc drive;
 - (b) developing ascertaining a loss factor profile in relation to the resonant frequency for each of a plurality of hypothetical models for the housing structure, each model comprising first, second and third theoretical layers wherein at least one of said theoretical layers comprises multiple damping layers; and
 - (c) determining a loss factor profile for each said hypothetical model in relation to the resonant frequency; and
 - (d) selecting a final characteristic of each of said rigid damping layers and said visco-elastic damping layers in relation to the ascertained loss factor profiles from determining step (c).
2. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, the final characteristic selected during the selecting step (d) comprises a respective thickness for each of the rigid damping layers.
3. (currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein the final characteristic selected during the selecting step (d) further comprises a respective thickness for the housing layer.

4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the housing structure comprises five layers comprising the housing layer, a first visco-elastic damping layer affixed to the housing layer, a first rigid damping layer affixed to the first visco-elastic damping layer, a second visco-elastic damping layer affixed to the first rigid damping layer, and a second rigid damping layer affixed to the second visco-elastic damping layer.

5. (original) The method of claim 4, wherein at least one of said hypothetical models identifies the housing layer as the first theoretical layer, the first visco-elastic damping layer as the second theoretical layer, and the second visco-elastic damping layer and the first and second rigid damping layers as the third theoretical layer.

6. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein each one of said theoretical layers comprising multiple layers is characterized as a composite layer, and wherein the selecting step (d) comprises steps of:

- (d1) identifying an optimum hypothetical model from the plurality of hypothetical models;
- (d2) developing a second plurality of hypothetical models for each composite layer of the optimum hypothetical model identified during the identifying step (d1), each of said second plurality of hypothetical models in turn comprising first, second and third theoretical layers;
- (d3) determining a loss factor profile for each of said second plurality of hypothetical models in relation to the resonant frequency; and
- (d4) further selecting a final characteristic of each of said rigid damping layers and said visco-elastic damping layers in relation to the loss factor profiles from the determining step (d3).

7. (original) A disc drive having a multi-layer housing structure selected in accordance with the method of claim 1.

8. (currently amended) A multi-layer disc-drive housing structure which encloses and supports an excitation source, comprising:

- a substantially planar housing layer;
- a first visco-elastic damping layer contactingly affixed to a portion of the housing layer;
- a first rigid damping layer contactingly affixed to the first visco-elastic damping layer;
- a second visco-elastic damping layer contactingly affixed to the first rigid damping layer; and
- a second rigid damping layer contactingly affixed to the second visco-elastic damping layer, wherein the first and second visco-elastic damping layers and the first and second rigid damping layers form a multi-layer damping structure and share a common areal footprint over the a surface of the housing member surface layer, and wherein the housing layer, the first and second visco-elastic damping layers and the first and second rigid damping layers have respective thicknesses selected to attenuate excitation energy transmitted to the planar housing member layer by the excitation source.

9. (currently amended) The multi-layer disc-drive housing structure of claim 8, wherein the thickness of the first rigid damping layer is different than the thickness of the second rigid damping layer.

10. (currently amended) The multi-layer disc-drive housing structure of claim 8, wherein the excitation source comprises further encloses and supports an excitation source comprising a spindle motor configured to rotate a data storage disc within the disc-drive housing structure, wherein the spindle motor is mechanically coupled to the planar housing member layer at a contact point, and wherein the multi-layer damping structure circumferentially extends about the contact point.

11. (currently amended) The multi-layer ~~disc-drive~~ housing structure of claim 8, wherein the planar housing member layer comprises a planar recess substantially corresponding to the areal footprint of the multi-layer damping structure, and wherein the multi-layer damping structure is disposed within the planar recess so that the first vibro-acoustic visco-elastic damping layer contactingly adheres to the planar recess.

12. (currently amended) The multi-layer ~~disc-drive~~ housing structure of claim 8, wherein the first and second rigid damping layers are each formed of stainless steel.

13. (currently amended) The multi-layer ~~disc-drive~~ housing structure of claim 8, wherein the first and second vibro-acoustic visco-elastic damping layers are each formed of pressure sensitive adhesive.

14. (currently amended) The multi-layer ~~disc-drive~~ housing structure of claim 8, wherein the respective thicknesses of the first and second rigid damping layers are selected in accordance with a method comprising steps of:

- (a) determining a resonant frequency of the housing layer;
- (b) developing a plurality of hypothetical models for the housing structure each comprising first, second and third theoretical layers wherein at least one of said theoretical layers comprises multiple damping layers;
- (c) determining a loss factor profile for each said hypothetical model in relation to the resonant frequency; and
- (d) selecting the thickness of each of the first and second rigid damping layers in relation to the determined loss factor profiles from determining step (c).

15. (new) A multi-layer housing structure comprising:
a substantially planar housing layer; and
a plurality of rigid damping layers interposed with a plurality of visco-elastic damping layers in a laminate stack adjacent the planar housing layer,
wherein a final characteristic of each of said rigid damping layers and said

visco-elastic damping layers is determined by steps for determining a final characteristic of each of said rigid and visco-elastic damping layers.

16. (new) The multi-layer housing structure of claim 15, wherein the steps for determining a final characteristic of each of said rigid and visco-elastic damping layers comprising:

determining a resonant frequency of the planar housing layer;
developing a plurality of hypothetical models for the housing structure, each model comprising first, second and third theoretical layers wherein at least one of said theoretical layers comprises multiple damping layers;
determining a loss factor profile for each said hypothetical model in relation to the resonant frequency; and
selecting the final characteristic of each of said rigid damping layers and said visco-elastic damping layers in relation to the loss factor profiles from the determining step.